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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/506,293	09/01/2004	Andreas Hartbrich	LP-1942	3212
217 7	7590 05/08/2006		EXAM	INER
FISHER, CHRISTEN & SABOL			CHEUNG, WILLIAM K	
1725 K STREET, N.W. SUITE 1108			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20006		1713	
			D. I. T. L. I. I. I. D. 05/00/000	_

DATE MAILED: 05/08/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1		/				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/506,293	HARTBRICH ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	William K. Cheung	1713				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNI 36(a). In no event, however, may a vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MO cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 M	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 March 2006</u> .					
2a)☑ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		Application No.				
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior						
application from the International Bureau	· ·					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not	t received.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:						

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05) Application/Control Number: 10/506,293 Page 2

Art Unit: 1713

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

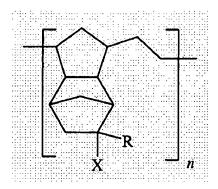
Application/Control Number: 10/506,293 Page 3

Art Unit: 1713

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

4. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Shinagawa et al. (US 6,126,825) for the reasons adequately set forth from paragraph 4 of the office action of December 6, 2005.

The invention of claims 1-18 relates to a process for producing an optical film from a polyolefin of the formula



in which at every occurrence of the substituents **R** and **X** they are either both hydrogen or **R** is methyl and **X** is a polar group, and **n** is a number from 10 to 1000, comprising the steps of

- (i) dissolving the polyolefin in an organic solvent or solvent mixture,
- (ii) casting the solution onto a smooth substrate in an atmosphere comprising at least 1 percent by volume of solvent vapor at a temperature below the boiling point of

Application/Control Number: 10/506,293

Art Unit: 1713

the solvent' with substantially laminar gas flow being maintained over the smooth substrate,

(iii) **evaporating the solvent** from the cast solution to obtain a self-supporting film, and

(iv) peeling the film away from the substrate and drying at a temperature rising to 70 to 140 °C, without any resultant orientation of the film.

Applicant's arguments filed March 6, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicants argue that the 102-3 rejection set forth by the examiner does not conform to the examination rules set forth under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by and under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). However, applicants must recognize that 102-3 rejection is not a pure 102(b) or a pure 103(a) rejection. A 102-3 rejection basically is a 102 rejection where some of the missing properties that can be inherently possessed by the applied prior art.

Regarding applicants' argument that Shinagawa et al. are silent on a process that involves "substantially laminar gas flow being maintained over the smooth substrate", applicants must recognize that Shinagawa et al. (col. 8, line 24-35) clearly disclose a process involving a film (membrane) that is gently dried at room temperature with gentle wind (breeze) to produce a film that is <u>isotropic</u> in properties (col. 8, line 40). Because applicants' claimed "substantially laminar" does not require perfect laminar flow and that the "gentle wind" or "breeze" of Shinagawa et al. clearly indicate wind that

Application/Control Number: 10/506,293 Page 5

Art Unit: 1713

is non-turbulence in nature, the examiner has a reasonable basis to believe that the claimed "substantially laminar" feature of claim 1 is inherently possessed in Shinagawa et al.

Regarding the claimed "optical" feature, applicants argue that the film prepared has been phase separated, applicants fail to recognize that the film prepared is microporous and has a thickness of from 50 to 500 microns (col. 8, line 24-35). With film having the thickness as disclosed in Shinagawa et al, the examiner has a reasonable basis the transmission of light should not be impeded, especially when the composition of the film of Shinagawa et al. is substantially identical to that of claims 1-18.

Regarding applicants' argument (page 5, March 6, 2006) that *In re Best* is no longer viable because the USPTO has the authority to conduct searches to collect proof, the examiner disagrees. Because the argued quotation (page 5, March 6, 2006) does not indicate anywhere that the USPTO has the proper facilities to conduct any experimental work, the argued *In re Best* set forth stand proper.

Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Page 6

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William K. Cheung whose telephone number is (571) 272-1097. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00AM to 2:00PM; 4:00PM to 8:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David WU can be reached on (571) 272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/506,293

Art Unit: 1713

Page 7

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William K. Cheung, Ph. D.

Primary Examiner

May 2, 2006 WILLIAM K. CHEUNG PRIMARY EXAMINER